

Designation: D2094 - 00 (Reapproved 2023)

Standard Practice for Preparation of Bar and Rod Specimens for Adhesion Tests¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D2094; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This practice describes bar- and rod-type butt-joined adhesion test specimens and procedures for preparing and bonding them. The specimens are intended to be used with various adherend materials in like or unlike combinations for determining the strength properties of adhesives in accordance with Test Method D2095.

1.2 The values stated in SI units are considered to be the standard. The values in parentheses are for information only.

1.3 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

1.4 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

2. Referenced Documents

- D907 Terminology of Adhesives
- D2093 Practice for Preparation of Surfaces of Plastics Prior to Adhesive Bonding
- D2095 Test Method for Tensile Strength of Adhesives by Means of Bar and Rod Specimens
- D2651 Guide for Preparation of Metal Surfaces for Adhesive Bonding

2.2 *ASTM Adjuncts:* Alignment Fixture Drawings³

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—Many terms in this practice are defined in Terminology D907.

4. Significance and Use

4.1 The procedures outlined in this practice are designed to standardize the test specimens, surface preparations, combinations of materials, and adhesive selection. Because of the flexibility in the procedure, it is important to have some idea of the kind of properties that will be observed during testing.

5. Test Specimens

5.1 *Geometry*—Test specimens conform to the forms and dimensions shown in Fig. 1, Fig. 2, or Fig. 3. Only the bar specimen (Fig. 1) shall be used for cleavage strength tests. Only the rod specimen (Fig. 2) or the modified bar specimen (Fig. 3) shall be used for tests in torsional shear. A modification of the specimen is permissible in tensile tests with dissimilar adherends, particularly if one of the adherend materials is difficult to machine (for example, glass) or if the strength of the adherend is such that failure under stress occurs at the drilled hole. This modification consists of a sheet of the material approximately 19 mm ($\frac{3}{4}$ in.) square and $\frac{11}{2}$ to 6 mm ($\frac{1}{16}$ to $\frac{1}{4}$ in.) thick inserted and bonded between the ends of the bar or rod specimens. For comparison purposes, specimen geometry shall be the same unless the effect of insert dimensions is under study.

5.2 Machining of Adherends:

5.2.1 Use metal adherends machined from bar or rod stock with the surface to be bonded finished to 1 μ m.

5.2.2 Machine plastic from laminated flat panels using a diamond charged wheel for rough machining and a carbide-tipped tool for finish machining. Do all machining dry using

^{2.1} ASTM Standards:²

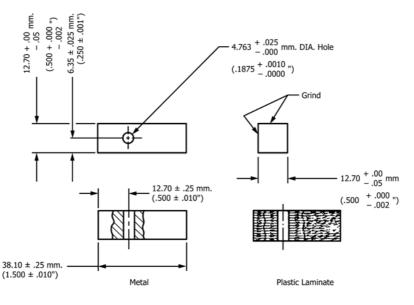
¹ This practice is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D14 on Adhesives and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D14.80 on Metal Bonding Adhesives.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Detailed working drawings of the fixtures shown in Fig. 4 and Fig. 5 and their parts are available from ASTM International Headquarters. Order Adjunct No. ADJD2094. Original adjunct produced in 1966.

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Machining Requirements:

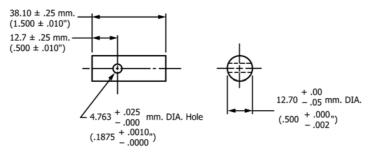
(1) Two adjacent sides shall be ground so that included angle is $90^{\circ} \pm 7$ min.

(2) Ends shall be ground perpendicular to the ground sides so that included angle is $90^{\circ} \pm 7$ min.

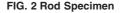
(3) Drilled hole shall be perpendicular to one ground side so that included angle is $90^{\circ} \pm 7$ min.

(4) Drilled hole shall always be in the same relative position to the ground surfaces as shown on drawing.

FIG. 1 Bar Specimen



Note 1—Ends of specimen and hole shall be perpendicular to the axis within ± 7 min.



care not to damage surfaces by overheating or contamination with lubricants. Machine laminar materials so that the axis of the specimen will lie in the plane of the lamina, and so that the plane of the lamina coincides with one side of the specimen with the hole perpendicular to the plane of the lamina. Finish plastic to 80 μ m or better unless studying surface finish.

5.2.3 Nonreinforced plastics (either thermoplastic or thermosetting) molded in a 127 mm by 12.7 mm by 12.7 mm (5 in. by 0.5 in.) bar mold, machined to a 38.1 mm (1.5 in.) length and a hole drilled as shown in Fig. 1. Specimens machined from extruded, cast, or molded plastic rod or sheet are also acceptable.

5.3 Surface Preparation of Adherends:

5.3.1 Prepare specimen surfaces in accordance with recommendations of the adhesive manufacturer, unless it is desired to evaluate other methods of preparation, or, unless in the case of specific surfaces, other methods are considered superior (see Guide D2651). 5.3.2 The minimum acceptable method for preparation of metallic adherend surfaces, instead of a chemical treatment, consists of vapor degreasing with trichloroethylene followed by dipping in methyl ethyl ketone and wiping dry with a clean, lint-free white cotton cloth. Apply adhesive as soon as possible after the surfaces are prepared.

5.3.3 Prepare plastic adherends in accordance with Practice D2093.

5.4 Reuse of Adherends:

5.4.1 Adherends can be reused several times, provided that all traces of the previously used adhesive are removed and the surfaces are remachined.

5.4.2 Plastic adherends that have been immersed in liquids or exposed to high humidities or extreme temperature environments shall not be reused.

5.4.3 Dimensional tolerances shown in Fig. 1, Fig. 2, and Fig. 3, except those for length, shall be maintained on reused adherends.